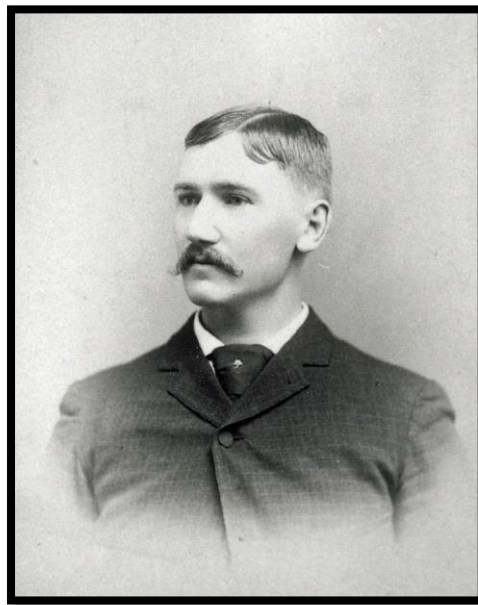


Olaf Margidon Hagen and Augusta Matilda Alexanderson

Natural Parents of Alexander “H” Dawson



Olaf Hagen in the early 1890s.

Olaf Margidon Hagen¹ was born on 11 April, 1863, in the Lade parish of Strinda, a small town in what is today the eastern part of Trondheim, Norway.² Olaf was the youngest of **Ole**³ and **Martha (Skanchy) Hagen's**⁴ five children. Three of his siblings had died before he was born,⁵ leaving an awkward age gap between his older and younger brothers and sisters. Sixteen-year old **Anna**⁶ and fourteen-year old **Henry**⁷ were almost old enough to leave home in 1863, while **Martin**,⁸ eight, and **Mathilda**,⁹ four, still kept close to their mother's skirts.

Living on the edges of Trondheim gave the Hagen family an opportunity to listen to missionaries from America who claimed God had once again spoken to man through a prophet and restored a pure version of His church. Martha became converted to the Church of Jesus Christ of

Latter-day Saints and was baptized on 27 December, 1860.¹⁰ Anna followed her mother into the church three months later;¹¹ Ole was probably baptized around the same time. Martha's younger brother **Anton**¹² also joined the church, as did their sister **Amelia**¹³ and their uncle Cornelius and his wife, who were "very fervent" in their beliefs.¹⁴

From the beginning, Olaf witnessed his family's dedication to their new faith despite continuous persecution. Many people refused to accept "Mormons" as Christians, and missionaries as well as members were often jailed for not belonging to the state-sponsored Lutheran church. "Trondheim at that time was notoriously the headquarters of Mormon persecution," recalled Anthon Skanchy. "The authorities had gone to the extreme. They had arrested and severely punished some of our sisters because they had left the legal church of the land and had accepted Mormonism and had been baptized into this new church. ... These sisters were imprisoned and sentenced to five days' imprisonment with a diet of only bread and water."¹⁵

Olaf's maternal grandmother, **Jochumina Skanchy**,¹⁶ "also made herself acquainted with the gospel, and developed a faith in it, but was not baptized," according to Anton. Grandmother Skanchy not only gave the Mormon missionaries room and board, but allowed them to conduct meetings in her home for years. "Many times the house was bombarded by mobs, and my mother had to go and talk to the people in order to disperse them," said Anton. "On many occasions during the persecutions she went out in her garden and preached Mormonism to the restless crowd of people standing in the street and around the house. She was well acquainted with the Bible, and once, when an editor was present in the crowd, he wrote down the principles that she declared to the crowd and printed them in his paper as the remarkable speech of an old woman."¹⁷

After a series of missions for the church in Norway, Anton immigrated to Utah in the spring of 1868, where he joined of his fellow Norwegians gathering in Cache County, eighty miles north of Salt Lake City. It wasn't long before other family members followed. Martha sent three of her children to America in 1870: Henry stopped in La Crosse, Wisconsin,¹⁸ where he married and remained for eighteen years,¹⁹ while Anna and Mathilda continued on to Salt Lake City.²⁰



*The Lade parish church in Trondheim,
one of Norway's oldest stone churches.*

Ole and Martha remained behind in Norway with Martin and Olaf until Anton returned on another proselyting mission ten years later. It was probably Anton's encouragement and financial help from the church which finally made immigration possible for the Hagens. After Ole and Martha renewed their commitment to the church through rebaptism, Anton baptized seventeen-year old Olaf in March, 1880.²¹ By July, the Hagens had signed up for passage on the ship *Wisconsin* with other members from the Christiania Conference.²² Church records show eighteen-year old Olaf had a draft for 285.80 kroner, plus 4.20 kroner in cash for a total of \$290.00 kroner [\$75.00], enough to make the trip to Zion.²³

For the Hagen family, Zion initially mean Logan, where Anton and his family were prominent members of the community.²⁴ Unfortunately, Ole lived only three months after arriving in Logan. He died there on 4 September, 1880, at the age of fifty-seven,²⁵ and was buried the next day in the Logan City Cemetery.²⁶

Olaf and Martha moved to Salt Lake City sometime after Ole's death where they could be close to Anna and Matilda and their families. It was probably through the influence of Mathilda's husband, **William Schade**,²⁷ a Danish saloon keeper and liquor distributor,²⁸ that Olaf gravitate toward working as a bar tender.

The Family Name

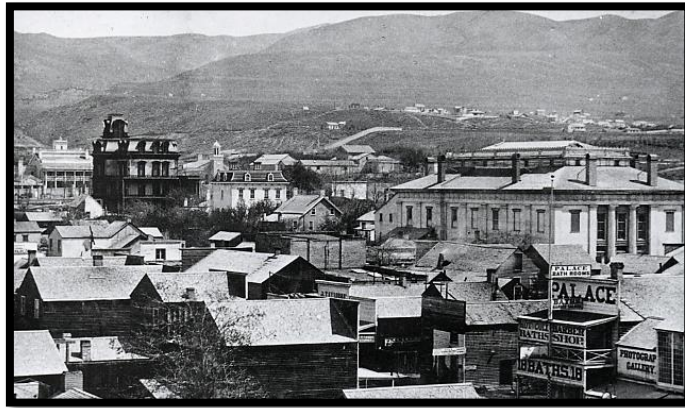
Traditional Norwegian names consisted of three parts: the first name, the patronymic family name and the farm name.

Children were usually given first names according to birth order. A first son would be named after his father's father, a second son after his mother's father, for example. The second, or patronymic name, was derived from the child's father. Ole was the son of Haldo, so was referred to as Haldoson. His sister was Ingeborge Haldosdatter, or daughter of Haldo. This name changed with each generation. The farm name was used to identify where a person lived, a name which could change as a person moved from farm to farm. Ole Haldoson lived on the Hagenbakken farm in Soknedal,

This traditional system became problematic as society began to modernize in the mid-1800s, and people were asked to voluntarily choose a fixed surname. While most families took patronymic surnames, others opted for farm names. Ole Haldoson chose to associate his family with the Hagen farm in Soknedal where he was born.



The Hagenbakken farm in Soknedal, Norway.



Main Street near Commercial Street in the late 1860s.

Olaf and Aurora

Olaf easily found work in Salt Lake City, and few years later, a young wife,²⁹ seventeen-year old **Aurora Alma Bowman**.³⁰ Aurora was born on 10 May, 1868, in Stockholm, Sweden,³¹ and immigrated to Utah with her parents, **Jacob**³² and **Hedvig Bowman**,³³ as a small child. She grew up on the family farm in Peterson, Morgan County, Utah.³⁴ Olaf and Aurora became the parents of ten children, all born in Salt Lake City.³⁵

1. **Jeanette**³⁶ (born 7 August, 1886)³⁷ remained single, but eventually became a parent when she adopted a foundling child. *The Salt Lake Telegram* reported the adoption on 18 December, 1917: "Hitherto nameless, a little waif found in a drug store six months ago by Henrietta Hagen is now to be known legally as **Helen Jean Hagen**."³⁸ Adoption of the child by Jeannette Hagen, sister of its finder, has been approved by the district court."³⁹ Jeanette, who worked as a telephone operator,⁴⁰ died in Salt Lake City in October, 1983.⁴¹
2. **Louis Oscar**⁴² (born 16 June, 1888)⁴³ married **Tryphine Layton**⁴⁴ from Davis County, 4 June, 1917.⁴⁵ The couple became the parents of three children, **Herbert**,⁴⁶ **Donna**⁴⁷ and **Joann**.⁴⁸ The Layton family moved to California sometime before 1932. , where the couple eventually settled. Louis died 10 July, 1971, in Santa Paula, California.⁴⁹



Henrietta Hagen

3. **Martha Henrietta**⁵⁰ (born 26 October, 1889)⁵¹ is listed under the name Martha in the 1900 and 1910 U.S. census,⁵² but is identified as Henrietta her parent's 1915 divorce papers⁵³ and the 1930 U.S. census.⁵⁴ Henrietta was named in a number of newspaper articles⁵⁵ and was also featured in a variety of beauty contests documented in Salt Lake newspapers from 1920 to 1928.⁵⁶

According to Henrietta's niece, Sheri Heyman (Margaret's daughter), Henrietta never married.⁵⁷ Henrietta died in November, 1977, in Burbank, California.⁵⁸

4. **Harold**⁵⁹ (born 29 December, 1892)⁶⁰ married **Margaret Haddock**⁶¹ on 29 October, 1917, in Salt Lake City.⁶² Their son **Ralph**⁶³ was born 7 August, 1918, in Utah.⁶⁴ Harold, who worked as a painter, eventually moved his family to Ventura, California, where he died in 1947.⁶⁵
5. **Herbert**⁶⁶ (born 18 February, 1895)⁶⁷ was living with his mother and siblings in 1917 when he filled out his draft card for World War I.⁶⁸ He spent two years fighting in the Argonne forest and the trenches of Verdun along France's Western Front, where he became permanently disabled.⁶⁹ He was discharged in 1919 and returned to live with his mother at her home on Sherman



Herbert Hagen

Avenue in Salt Lake City. Ten years later in 1929, Herbert was admitted to the Los Angeles Home for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers, where he was treated for sciatic neuritis. Admittance records show he was divorced.⁷⁰

Herbert was married briefly to **Nan Browning**⁷¹ on 28 April, 1920, in Salt Lake City.⁷² Nan's divorce suit against Herbert was announced in the *Salt Lake Telegram*, 8 August, 1920, "alleging nonsupport."

A notice in the *Salt Lake Telegram*, 17 September, 1920, reported the marriage⁷³ of Herbert Hagen and **Leona Johnson**⁷⁴ of Monroe, Utah. Leona was later granted a divorce from Herbert according to the *Salt Lake Telegram*, 24 January, 1926.

By the 1930 U.S. census,⁷⁵ Herbert had returned to live with his mother and sisters Jeanette and Dorothy and began crafting a series of high-quality violins.⁷⁶ Herbert died in Salt Lake City in 1975.⁷⁷

6. **Earl**⁷⁸ (born 23 July, 1896)⁷⁹ married **Frances Eleanor Cook**⁸⁰ on 26 May, 1921, in Ogden, Utah.⁸¹ Soon after their first son **Robert**⁸² was born in 1922,⁸³ Earl found work in Ruth, Nevada, as an assayer and chemist for Kennecott Copper Corporation.⁸⁴ A second son, **Gene**⁸⁵ was born in Nevada in 1928,⁸⁶ followed by a daughter **Leah**⁸⁷ and son **Charles**⁸⁸ Earl died in Ruth, Nevada, in 1954.⁸⁹

7. **Norma**⁹⁰ (born 5 October, 1899)⁹¹ is listed in the 1900 census⁹² and her parents' 1915 divorce papers.⁹³ It appears Norma may have had a twin who was born 5 October, 1899,⁹⁴ and died the same day, according to a death certificate for a female infant born to Olaf and Aurora Hagen on that date.⁹⁵ Norma married widower **Arthur L. Watkins**,⁹⁶ (born 1 February, 1897⁹⁷) in Farmington, Utah, on 8 November, 1923.⁹⁸

Arthur appears in the 1900 U.S. Census⁹⁹ in Milford, Utah, with father **Watkin Watkins**¹⁰⁰, mother **Ann**, and siblings **Watkin G.** (19), **Mary H.** (16), **Agnes** (13), **Clara** (11), and brother **Earnest** (5). By 1917, the family was living in Salt Lake City.¹⁰¹

Norma gave birth to the couple's first child, **Gloria Ann**,¹⁰² in 1925.¹⁰³ A son, **Dennis**,¹⁰⁴ was born in 1939.¹⁰⁵ Norma died in Salt Lake City, in September 1975.¹⁰⁶ Arthur died 14 July, 1980.¹⁰⁷

8. **Aurora**¹⁰⁸ (born 5 October, 1899)¹⁰⁹ was more than likely Norma's twin. She was born the same day as Norma, and at the same address, 459 Hazel Court, to Aurora Bowman. She died the same day she was born according to a death certificate search in the Utah State Archives online database.¹¹⁰

9. **Alvin Eugene**¹¹¹ (born 16 March, 1904)¹¹² was living with Henrietta in Los Angeles when the 1930 census was taken.¹¹³ He died 8 July, 1943, in Los Angeles at the age of thirty-nine.¹¹⁴ According to Alvin's niece, Sheri Heyman (Margaret's daughter), Alvin had no children and died as a result of lead poisoning.¹¹⁵



Margaret Hagen, right, frequently participated in local beauty contests. The Salt Lake Telegram, 28 May, 1925.

10. **Margaret**¹¹⁶ (born 21 November, 1906)¹¹⁷ was a beautiful woman whose photo appeared in Salt Lake City newspapers as a hopeful in a 1925 film screen test,¹¹⁸ as well as several beauty contests.¹¹⁹ Margaret was married four times:

- a. **Clyde John Ridd**¹²⁰ (born 8 December, 1902)¹²¹ married Margaret on 30 June, 1925, in Salt Lake City.¹²² A daughter named **Beverly Jean**¹²³ was born to the couple in July, 1926.¹²⁴ Another daughter, **Carol**,¹²⁵ was born 25 June, 1932.¹²⁶ The birth of a third daughter, **Mercleve**,¹²⁷ was reported by the Salt Lake Telegram on 24 May, 1934.¹²⁸ Clyde died suddenly in 1941 of a heart attack at the age of thirty-nine in Salt Lake City.¹²⁹

Three other husbands are listed on the Hagen/Santiago family tree at www.ancestry.com, with no additional information as of 1 February, 2011:¹³⁰

- b. **F. Anderson:**¹³¹ One living daughter is shown, with no other information available.¹³²
- c. **W. Tschaggeny:**¹³³ Margaret was Mrs. Tschaggeny, living in Las Vegas, Nevada, according to her mother's 1957 obituary.¹³⁴
- d. **Ellis Richard Henrie:**¹³⁵ (10 April, 1905)¹³⁶ Ellis, a widower, married Margaret in a 1963 Salt Lake City ceremony. Ellis died 30 August, 1980, in Salt Lake City.¹³⁷

Margaret died 3 January, 1993, in Salt Lake City. Her obituary listed her as Margaret Hagen Ridd Anderson Henrie. Surviving daughters were Beverly Ridd Williams, Carol Ridd Zimmerman, Marilyn Pyper, Sheri Heyman, and one sister, Dorothy Hagen Parker. She was buried in the Salt Lake City Cemetery.¹³⁸

- 11. **Dorothy**¹³⁹ (born 31 October, 1908)¹⁴⁰ was married three times:



*Elden Eugene Benge,
Dorothy Hagen's first husband.*

- a. **Elden Eugene Benge,**¹⁴¹(born 12 Jul 1904)¹⁴² Dorothy married¹⁴³ Elden sometime in the late 1930s, as she is found in the 1930 U.S. census doing modeling work and living with her family in Salt Lake City.¹⁴⁴ The couple had twin boys:

Ronald¹⁴⁵ and **Donald**.¹⁴⁶ Cook County, Illinois, birth records show the boys were born 4 November, 1933.¹⁴⁷ The family lived in Chicago while the twins were raised¹⁴⁸ (Ronald died 6 December, 1973, in California;¹⁴⁹ Donald died 6 April, 2007,¹⁵⁰ in a head-on collision in California¹⁵¹).

Elden was not only a professional musician (Principal Trumpet of the Detroit Symphony Orchestra from 1928 to 1933; Principal Trumpet of the Chicago Symphony Orchestra from 1933 to 1939), but also manufactured custom trumpets under his name. He moved to Burbank, California, in August, 1953.¹⁵² Elden died 13 December, 1960, in a car accident in front of his California home.¹⁵³

At some point, Dorothy was divorced from Elden, then married:

- b. **Glen C. Ackerson**¹⁵⁴ (born 3 March, 1922)¹⁵⁵ married Dorothy Bengé on 3 November, 1957, in Nevada.¹⁵⁶ Dorothy was divorced from Glen a few years later, as the California Divorce Index¹⁵⁷ shows Glen with a divorce from **Ursula M Dornisch** in Los Angeles, March, 1966. Glen died 10 January, 2000, in California.¹⁵⁸
- c. **(---) Parker:** Dorothy was identified as Dorothy Hagen Parker in her sister's 1993 obituary.¹⁵⁹

Dorothy died on 3 May, 1990, in Utah as Dorothy Hagen.¹⁶⁰



Commercial Street was paved early on “so that carriages stopping by houses of ill repute would not carry away tell-tale red mud on their wheels,” according to The Deseret News, 17 August, 2007.

Olaf’s Family Life


There is no evidence that Olaf was ever an ardent member of the LDS faith. Although he is accounted for in ward records, there is no notation of any church callings or priesthood ordinations given to him.¹⁶¹ While it was apparently not unusual for Mormon Scandinavians “to become disillusioned or quarrelsome and defect from church at one point or another... rather than submit to Mormon ways, which included learning English, legalizing their common law marriages, and abandoning card playing,”¹⁶² it was the lure of alcohol which most ensnared Olaf. “The Scandinavians believed they had a special dispensation to drink coffee and their homemade beer,” according to a historian who noted one Scandinavian convert declared that “Not all the goot tings should be left to the yentiles.”¹⁶³

Olaf probably made his living in saloons well before the eleven years he was listed as a bartender in the notorious red-light district of Salt Lake City.¹⁶⁴ At the center of the district was Commercial Street, a narrow, hidden, block-long lane running parallel to Main Street (which was nicknamed “Whiskey Street”) between 100 and 200 South.¹⁶⁵ During the late 1800s to the beginning of the first World War, Commercial Street

was lined with cheap restaurants, secondhand stores, livery stables, barbershops and laundries, saloons, tobacco stores, peep shows and opium dens, many of them with parlor houses, and “cribs” (small, single rooms rented nightly for prostitution) on the upper floors.¹⁶⁶ *The Salt Lake Tribune* referred to the street as “a resort of gamblers and fast women” and, according to the *Deseret News*, the occupants of Commercial Street were “the demi-monde, the male parasite, the dope fiend, the gambler and the beggar.”¹⁶⁷

It was along this infamous strip where Olaf ran a bar in partnership with Sanna Enquist around the turn of the century at 64 Commercial Street.¹⁶⁸ Olaf and Enquist became involved in a dispute over the confiscation of their cash register by a local constable in 1901. The pair demanded \$295.00 damages plus court costs, with Olaf claiming that “owing to my poverty I am unable to bear the expenses of the legal proceeding which I am about to commence” (his attorney fee was \$25). The court ruled against Olaf and Enquist on 7 Feb, 1901, and ordered them to pay “the costs of this action.”¹⁶⁹

Olaf apparently struggled financially for years, moving his family from one cheap apartment to another. During this time Olaf and his family had five different addresses around town, several of them only blocks away from the seedy streets of the red-light district.¹⁷⁰

MARTIN ENQUIST.
**Propr. THE UNION BAR.**
Choice Wines and Liquors.
Imported and Domestic Cigars.
64 Commercial St. Ind. Phone 2513. Salt Lake City, Utah.

*An advertisement in Salt Lake City's Polk Directory
for the bar where Olaf was employed.*



Left: Anders Alexanderson. Right: Sophia surrounded by Edla and Elin, left; Sophia and an unknown boy, right.

Augusta

Augusta Matilda Alexanderson¹⁷¹ was born on 8 February, 1865,¹⁷² to **Anders Alexanderson**¹⁷³ and his wife **Sophia**.¹⁷⁴ Augusta was the first of six daughters born to the family, followed by her sisters **Edla**,¹⁷⁵ **Anna**,¹⁷⁶ **Sophia**,¹⁷⁷ **Elin**,¹⁷⁸ and **Helga**.¹⁷⁹ All of the girls were born in Akerholm, Kalmar, Sweden.

“Dad and Mother and their families were all Mormons—that is what brought them to America,”¹⁸⁰ wrote Augusta’s daughter, Edith Hill. “They were converted by missionaries in the old country. Only Grandpa, mother’s dad, would not come nor leave his home in Sweden, so they all left him one by one and he stayed on alone. They tried so hard to get him to come, but couldn’t change him. Guess he felt hurt, too, that they all left him there. Funny what people will do, isn’t it?”¹⁸¹

The family name changed as it crossed both ocean and cultures. According to the Swedish patronymic system, a child was known as the son or daughter of the father, using the father’s first name. According to Edith, “Grandfather’s name [Anders Magnus Alexanderson] was Alexanderson, but Grandpa dropped the ‘son’ and was Alexander and since he had only daughters they all kept to the Alexander name until they came to America and sometimes they called themselves Anderson.”¹⁸² Augusta, her sisters and her mother are all listed by the last name of Anderson in the Salt Lake City directories of the period.¹⁸³



Augusta Matilda Anderson

Olaf and Augusta

Olaf and Augusta met in Salt Lake around 1890, when Olaf was already the father of four children by his wife Aurora. By 1892, Olaf had fathered a child with Augusta, with whom he would father three more children over the next nine years:

1. **Edith**¹⁸⁴ (born 29 September, 1892)¹⁸⁵ was married twice:
 - a. **Ray Lester Bathrick**¹⁸⁶ (born 18 March, 1885¹⁸⁷), married on 7 August, 1913.¹⁸⁸ Edith gave birth to a son, **Jack**,¹⁸⁹ on 10 February, 1918, in Oregon.¹⁹⁰ Ray died in 1942.¹⁹¹
 - b. Edith later married¹⁹² **John E. Hill**.¹⁹³ Further research needs to be done on this marriage.

Edith died in February, 1984, as Edith Hill in Roseburg, Oregon.¹⁹⁴



Above: Ray and Edith Bathrick early in their marriage. Below: Edith with her son Jack.



Otto Layton

2. **Emile Oliver “Otto”**¹⁹⁵ (born 15 June, 1894)¹⁹⁶ was sent to live with the **George**¹⁹⁷ and **Annie Layton**¹⁹⁸ family in Kaysville, Utah,¹⁹⁹ as a young child. He was known throughout his life as Otto Layton.²⁰⁰

Otto married²⁰¹ **Ida Setter**²⁰² (born around 1893).²⁰³ Five children were born into the family:²⁰⁴ **Lavonne**,²⁰⁵ **Evelyn**,²⁰⁶ **Lorrain**,²⁰⁷ **Opal**²⁰⁸ and **Clinton**.²⁰⁹

Otto died 15 August 1962, in Oregon.²¹⁰ Ida knew something was wrong with her husband when he complained of not feeling well and “she wanted to send for a doctor,” recalled sister-in-law Lillie Dawson, who happened to be visiting the family in Oregon with her husband Alex, Otto’s natural brother. “Well, he wouldn’t have the doctor. He had a temper and he flew all to pieces. No doctor was coming there! He died the next morning.”²¹¹

Even though Otto had been raised in an LDS family, he no longer considered himself a member and attended another Christian denomination. “The funeral was nice, but it was a lot different from our funerals,” remembered Lillie. “They just had the one minister speak and they had only two bouquets of flowers, that’s all they were allowed. He wanted to be cremated and Ida didn’t want him to be, but she said she would follow out his wishes so he was cremated and Ida scattered his ashes.”²¹²



Alexander "H" Dawson

3. **Alexander**²¹³ (born 17 May, 1896)²¹⁴ was sent to live with the **Alexander**²¹⁵ and **Catherine Dawson**²¹⁶ family in Kaysville, Utah,²¹⁷ before he was four years old.²¹⁸ He was known by the name of Dawson growing up, and as an adult was legally adopted by the Dawson family.²¹⁹ He married **Lillie Young**²²⁰ on 17 January, 1917.²²¹ The couple remained in Layton where they raised three children: **Marseille**,²²² **Jack**²²³ and **Richard**.²²⁴

Alexander died 1 April, 1968, in Layton, Utah.²²⁵



Lucille Eva Hagen

4. **Lucille Eva**²²⁶ (born 1 Jan, 1902)²²⁷ married **George Henry Herren**²²⁸ (born 21 November, 1894)²²⁹ on 7 July, 1920.²³⁰ The couple had four children:²³¹ **Juanita**,²³² **Geraldine**,²³³ **Lloyd**²³⁴ and **Barbara**.²³⁵

Lucille died 4 March, 1966, Multnomah, Oregon;²³⁶ George died 21 November, 1970, Portland, Oregon.²³⁷

A Question of Polygamy

Public records prove Olaf fathered children by both Aurora and Augusta during the ten year period between 1892 and 1902. In fact, Augusta's first child, Edith, was born only three months before Aurora's fifth child, Harold, in 1892. The question remains, however, as to whether or not Olaf was married to both women as a polygamist, or whether he was involved in an extramarital affair with Augusta.

The story passed down in the Alexander "H" Dawson family to explain why Alex and Otto had been raised by separate families in Davis County instead of with their mother and sisters, was Augusta's inability to support her children. Because Olaf had abandoned Augusta and her children in favor of his younger first wife once the Manifesto made polygamy illegal in 1890,²³⁸ Augusta was "unable to keep the boys and work, too," according to Augusta's oldest child Edith.²³⁹

The Case For Polygamy:

While it has so far been impossible to prove one way or the other, a case can be made that Olaf may have been a polygamist:

1. Even though Augusta's first child was born in 1892, two years after the Manifesto officially ended polygamous marriages, underground polygamy was still being practiced until 1904, when the "Second Manifesto" made plural marriage an offense punished by excommunication. Until then, not only were men still cohabitating with wives they had married prior to the Manifesto, but a handful of secret plural marriages were still being performed. Naturally, records of these illegal marriages were not necessarily kept, so it may be that Olaf married Augusta under these circumstances without official sanction, and without a paper trail.
2. Edith seemed to believe her parents were married. She wrote in a letter "Dad and Mother met and married in Salt Lake...She always loved Dad and they would try to make a go..."²⁴⁰

3. The charge of adultery brought against Olaf by the United States government in 1893 supports the idea of a possible polygamous marriage. Since 1887, when the Edmunds-Tucker Act made unlawful cohabitation a crime punishable by fines up to \$800 and five years imprisonment, the government had actively pursued those suspected of polygamy. Although President William Henry Harrison granted amnesty on 4 January, 1893, “to all persons liable . . . by reason of unlawful cohabitation . . . who since 1 November, 1890, have abstained from unlawful cohabitation,” there were still “many trials” in the courts for “sexual crimes such as fornication and adultery.”²⁴¹

Because Augusta had given birth to her first child on 29 September, 1892, Olaf looked suspiciously like a polygamist, and the United States of America charged him with adultery a year later in September, 1893. The trial was moved to 12 October, “until certain important witnesses could be found,” according to an article in the 21 September, 1893, Salt Lake Tribune. “Judge Howat stated that he would probably have Hagen cited to appear and show cause, if any, why he should not be punished for contempt of court in spiring witnesses away.”²⁴²

One of the witnesses suspected of being spirited away was probably Augusta herself, who was sworn in and testified as a prosecution witness before a jury, which in the end, found Olaf “not guilty as charged.” Olaf was “discharged without delay” at the end of the trial.²⁴³ Details of the trial are lost to the fact that only a brief summary of the proceeding was recorded in the court minutes and not a full transcript of the trial itself.

Ironically, even though Augusta appears to have convinced the jury that Olaf was not guilty of “cohabitation” or adultery, she was already pregnant by Olaf at the time of the trial; her second child was born 15 Jun, 1894, almost eight months to the day after the “not-guilty” verdict was rendered.

The Case Against Polygamy:

Alternately, a case can be made that there was never a marriage, polygamous or otherwise, between Olaf and Augusta:

1. Records of many polygamous marriages solemnized after 1890 were kept in private church records, now stored in a restriction section of the Family History Library. A search made for Olaf and Augusta in these and other records failed to result in evidence of a marriage.²⁴⁴
2. Although Edith's letter describes Olaf and Augusta as being married, this may be something she was either led to believe or led others to believe in order to maintain a sense of propriety in a time when out-of-wedlock births were shameful enough not to be acknowledged.
3. Very few men were polygamists and those who were chosen to "live the principle" were generally among the wealthier members of LDS society, as they were required to support multiple households. Olaf "was not a good provider," according to Edith, who recounted how Augusta "had to do the best she could with the help of others in the family." Since Olaf struggled to support his numerous children by Aurora, it is doubtful he would be seen by church authorities as able to provide for two families.
4. Even if plural marriage had been officially sanctioned by the church at the time, Olaf would not have been considered eligible for such a union. Celestial marriage was both a high honor and a great responsibility, one which required obedience to the laws of the church. At the very least, a sober life was required to gain entry to the temple where the rite was performed. Olaf's job as a bartender and his heavy drinking would have disqualified him out of hand.
5. Also required to enter into celestial marriage was the husband's ordination to the office of elder in the Melchizedek priesthood. Church records do not record any priesthood ordinations given to Olaf during his lifetime.²⁴⁵



*Olaf was listed as an employee of the
George Ebert Company in the 1907 Polk Directory.*



“Dad was good looking, as so was Mother,” wrote Edith (right), “but she never had time to care for herself very much. My father was not a good provider and Mother had to do the best she could with the help of others.”

Augusta’s Life

Prosecution and public opinion aside, it appears Olaf had no intention of either leaving his wife or giving up his relationship with Augusta, who was forced to work at a series of low-level, low-paying jobs to support herself. Among the few jobs open to women at the time were domestic service, dressmaking and laundry, all of which offered meager wages.²⁴⁶ Augusta was listed as a tailoress at the Continental Pants Company in 1898,²⁴⁷ and later worked in cleaning and domestic service. Augusta was vulnerable and transient during this period of her life. She never really had a home of her own, sometimes staying with relatives, sometimes boarding with other single women. She was rarely fortunate enough to have a situation stable enough to allow her to keep her children. Edith mentioned living with her “Grandmother and Aunt Sophia a great part of the time” and “with Mother when she had a place for me.”²⁴⁸

Letting the Boys Go

Under these circumstances, Augusta was forced to send her boys to live with other families. “She thought the boys could take better care of themselves than the girls,” related Alexander’s wife Lillie,²⁴⁹ so arrangements were made through the church leadership to find the boys new homes in the Davis County, an agricultural area to the north of Salt Lake. “It was fairly common in those days when a child was born out of wedlock that it would be given to another family to raise,” said Layton historian E. Harris Adams. “Usually the bishop arranged it. Things like that generally remained unspoken.”²⁵⁰

“It was hard for Mother to keep the boys and work, too,” wrote Edith. “When worse came to worse, she had to let them go. They got wonderful homes and were taken care of so good. It was the best thing to do. It was not an easy thing to do, but she did what was best for them under the circumstances. She always kept in contact with them.”²⁵¹

Otto was placed in the Kaysville home of George and Annie Layton,²⁵² while Alexander found a home with Alexander and Catherine Dawson in what was at the time North Kaysville (now East Layton).²⁵³ Augusta kept in contact with her sons, making sure her children remained close to each other through regular visits. Edith mentioned extended summer visits at the Dawson farm in the summer and having some “sweet memories of that time. I used to love to come up to Layton and stay with the Dawson’s for a while in the summer time and also with the Layton’s in Kaysville where my brother Otto was.”²⁵⁴

“It was important to Augusta to maintain their relationship,” said Alexander’s son, Richard Dawson. “She not only came to visit him on a regular basis as he grew up, but gave him nice things”²⁵⁵ such as “watches, chamois vests and silk shirts and bathrobes.”²⁵⁶

Augusta’s Marriage and Divorce

The birth of Lucille in 1902 may have contributed to the breakup of the relationship between Olaf and Augusta. Having one more child to care for with very little means and no hope for a marriage with Olaf may have been the last straw for Augusta. “It was unfortunate. In a way, she always loved Dad and they would try to make a go, but as I said, he was no provider, and of course, Lucille came along, and it made no difference. She and Dad separated,” wrote Edith.²⁵⁷

Augusta was in search of a more stable relationship and a home for her children when she married a man by the name of **Peter Andrew Grell**²⁵⁸ on 16 March, 1903, in Salt Lake City.²⁵⁹ Peter had immigrated to Nebraska from Germany in 1881 with his wife **Tenia**²⁶⁰ and five children,²⁶¹ but sometime around 1900, he arrived alone in Salt Lake City, where he roomed at the Hotel Heron,²⁶² joined the Harmonie Singing Society²⁶³ and became a committee member of the German-American Democrats club.²⁶⁴ He found employment as a painter for J.H. Gerts and Company.²⁶⁵

Edith was eleven years old and Lucille a baby of fourteen months when the Grells set up housekeeping at 10 Cottage Court,²⁶⁶ Augusta “thinking she would have a home for her and her children,” wrote Edith, “but it did not work out. He was not very good to us at all. He was mean in so many ways. I know I was older and he disliked me. I was deathly afraid of him always. It was a nightmare for us all.”²⁶⁷

Augusta and Peter had only one child together, a girl they named **Isabel**,²⁶⁸ who was stillborn on 14 April, 1909. They buried their baby at the Mount Olivet cemetery in Salt Lake two days later on 16 April, 1909.²⁶⁹ Not long afterwards, Augusta left Peter.²⁷⁰

“He and Mother tried many times to make it, but he was too mean and she finally later on got a divorce from him,” wrote Edith. “Poor Mother. She had such a hard time and so many heart aches. But she was spunky and full of fun in spite of it, and I guess found some measure of happiness I hope, through all the hard work and disappointments. I often wonder how she ever stood it. The boys luckily didn’t see all what I did.”²⁷¹



Augusta in the 1930s.

Move to Portland

Augusta moved to Portland, Oregon, with Edith and Lucille, sometime before 1913 when Edith was married there in August, 1913.²⁷² Augusta, who “was pretty independent,”²⁷³ worked at low-level jobs for the next fifteen years (the 1920 census shows her working as a “janitoress” in a public building²⁷⁴). When Otto also relocated to Portland around 1921,²⁷⁵ Augusta was surrounded by her children, with the exception of Alex, who had married and was raising his family in Layton. She occasionally made the journey back to Utah to visit with Alex.

Augusta died “after a short illness”²⁷⁶ on 27 January, 1935, in Portland, Oregon, at the age of sixty-nine. She was still working as a housekeeper. Augusta’s death certificate listed cerebral hemorrhage, arterial sclerosis, and hypertension as the cause of death.²⁷⁷ “She was dead in the bathroom when they found her,” said Lillie Dawson.²⁷⁸ Funeral services were held in Portland. Augusta was buried at the Lincoln Memorial Park cemetery.²⁷⁹



Augusta’s final resting place in Portland, Oregon.



The Salt Lake City and County Building, where court proceedings were held in the early 20th century.

Aurora Files for Divorce

Olaf was listed as a painter in the Salt Lake City and Polk directories from 1899 through 1908, although he may have added this occupation to his bartending before 1899, in an effort to cover the rising costs of supporting his growing family. Living conditions remained unstable; he moved his family four more times during this period.²⁸⁰ Yet Olaf somehow managed to find enough cash to purchase several lots in a Salt Lake City subdivision in 1906,²⁸¹ and a few years later was issued a building permit for a “one story frame dwelling” with five rooms at 1210 Sherman Avenue for an estimated cost of \$1,500.00.²⁸² However, two years later, Olaf filed for bankruptcy. “Doctors, nurses and druggists are the sole creditors of Olaf Hagen, a local painter, who filed voluntary bankruptcy proceedings in the federal court yesterday,” the *Salt Lake Herald* reported in November, 1910. “His total liabilities are \$1, 057.45, consisting of a \$400 medicine bill and doctors’ services amounting to about \$600. Hagen claims his \$2,000 home and \$100 worth of household goods exempt under the bankruptcy law.”²⁸³

Four years later Olaf had recovered enough financially to build a one story brick addition onto his Sherman Avenue home, with an estimated cost of \$2,000.00.²⁸⁴ By 1915, Olaf owned 1210 Sherman Avenue, plus six adjoining subdivision lots and was earning five dollars a day, “a sufficient amount to properly provide for his wife and family,” yet he failed to bring enough cash into the household economy to sustain “the common necessities of life.” According to Aurora, she was forced to live “upon the charity of her friends and her own efforts.”²⁸⁵

A good deal of Olaf's income was more than likely spent on alcohol. Aurora complained of her husband's "extreme cruelty, which had continued for a period of more than ten years and has been growing constantly worse until it has become wholly unbearable." Aurora claimed that Olaf habitually stayed out "far into the night and often until one or two o'clock in the morning and he usually comes home under the influence of liquor." Both she and her children had become victims of Olaf's verbal tirades, which included "scolding, complaining, cursing and swearing at them." By June, 1915, Aurora had had enough of Olaf's drunken abuse and filed for divorce, claiming lack of support, physical and emotional abuse and use of liquor.²⁸⁶

Aurora was awarded \$65.00 a month in child support for the seven children still living at home.²⁸⁷ She was also awarded the city lots adjoining the residence "and a part of the homestead" at 1210 Sherman Avenue where she continued to live with her children. Olaf, now fifty-six years old and alone, took up residence at one of the apartment buildings he controlled at 122 South 3rd East.²⁸⁸

Back in Court

Olaf seems to have led a relatively uneventful life after his divorce until seven years later, when he found himself back in court, accused of seducing the wife of one **Anton Anderson**,²⁸⁹ a Swedish immigrant who was seeking \$10,000 in damages for the "great distress of body and mind...great shame and dishonor" brought upon him by the loss of his wife, Hilda.²⁹⁰

Hilda [**Hilda Katharine Lundquist**]²⁹¹ was born to **Nils**²⁹² and **Karin Lundquist**²⁹³ on 22 February, 1874, at Veja, Utterlanes, Sweden.²⁹⁴ She and Anton were married in Sweden on 9 June, 1899.²⁹⁵ The couple had three daughters:²⁹⁶

1. **Ida Katerina**²⁹⁷ (born 24 July, 1899) married²⁹⁸ **Charles Hannibal Crosby**.²⁹⁹ Ida and Charles had six children according to the 1940 census:³⁰⁰ **Irene**,³⁰¹ **Elaine**,³⁰² **LeRoy**,³⁰³ **Katherine**,³⁰⁴ **Bernice**³⁰⁵ and **Glen**.³⁰⁶ Ida died in Salt Lake on 27 December, 1965.³⁰⁷
2. **Esther**³⁰⁸ (born 30 March, 1902)³⁰⁹ married Louis Harvey³¹⁰ in December, 1927.³¹¹ No children are listed for this couple

in either the 1930 or 1940 census.³¹² Esther died 19 March, 1983.³¹³

3. **Ellen**,³¹⁴ (born 4 May, 1906)³¹⁵ married³¹⁶ **Melvin Ryser**.³¹⁷ The couple's children were **Ronald**,³¹⁸ **Eleanor**,³¹⁹ **Virginia**³²⁰ and **John**,³²¹ all born in Utah.³²² Ellen died 22 August, 1976.³²³

The marriage between Hilda and Anton was not a happy one. Not long after the couple immigrated to Ohio, Hilda fled from Anton's abuse and womanizing to Salt Lake City, where she hoped to find a new life with her daughters. What she found instead was the brutal reality of having to support herself by taking a position as a chamber maid in the Plaza Hotel, located 75 ½ West 2nd South³²⁴ in the seedy area of the city set aside for drinking, gambling and prostitution. Hilda was also living at the hotel "for some time" with her youngest daughter, seven-year old Ellen, when she "was notified by the officers of the juvenile court that it would be necessary for her to move to some other place as it was considered not a proper place for a young girl." Hilda was "destitute and... had no other place to go."

It was while living at the Plaza that Olaf came into Hilda's life. He offered Hilda, "out of consideration for her and her daughter and merely as an act of kindness...an apartment in a building over which he had control at 122 South Third East...and provided her with work so that she might be able to maintain herself and her daughter."

When word of the situation reached Anton, he claimed in court that Olaf "commenced to ingratiate himself into the good will and graces" of his wife, and "sought to poison her mind" against him, promising her to furnish her with "a home, money, a trip to California and other things ...induc[ing] and persuad[ing] the said Hilda Anderson to move to the house and home of the defendant and reside there." He also accused Olaf of persuading Hilda to divorce him, and giving her the money to do so. Hilda eventually sued Anton for divorce, and Anton finally dropped his suit against Olaf.³²⁵

Whatever the nature of the initial relationship between Olaf and Hilda, it eventually led to their marriage on 13 June, 1927, five years after Hilda's divorce.³²⁶ The couple lived quietly in Salt Lake City during the nineteen years they were married.

Long Years of Drudgery Bring Divorce to Wife

The Salt Lake Telegram, 24 April, 1923

"After ten years of drudgery in Sweden, Hilda Anderson awoke one day in American to find that her husband, Anton W. Anderson, did not love her, she told Judge Ephraim Hanson in the Third district court today, and on her testimony that he had lavished his affections on other women as a reward for the work she had done to help him, a divorce decree was entered in her favor.

"The Andersons were married in Sweden in June, 1899. Shortly after, Anderson went to another town and spent six weeks in the company of another woman, she said, and when he returned he resented being reminded of his dereliction by slapping her face.

"In 1920 the Andersons removed to Ashtabula, O., where Anderson again became involved with a woman, Mrs. Anderson testified.

"She fled to Salt Lake, and Anderson followed. Another quarrel ensued and he returned to Ohio.

"Mrs. Anderson filed suit, charging abandonment. He answered, but when the hearing was called today a letter was read from him in which he said he would not contest the suit."

Death

Hilda died of a cerebral hemorrhage on 6 April, 1946, at the age of seventy-two.³²⁷ She was buried in the Salt Lake City cemetery under a small, brown granite stone that reads, "Mother Hilda L. Anderson February 22, 1897/April 11, 1946"³²⁸

Olaf died senile and ill on 16 February, 1955, in a Salt Lake City rest home at the age of ninety-one.³²⁹ He was buried in an unmarked grave next to Hilda in the Salt Lake City Cemetery (M-16-20-1W, unmarked).³³⁰

DESERET NEWS AND TELEGRAM,

Olaf Hagen

Olaf Hagen, 91, 1087-1st Ave., died Wednesday morning in a Salt Lake rest home of natural causes. Born in Trondheim, Norway, on April 11, 1863, son of Ludvig and Martha Skalney Hagen. Retired interior decorator.

Survivors: two sons, Louis, Santa Paula, Calif.; Herbert, Salt Lake City; five daughters, Jeanette, Salt Lake City; Henrietta, Los Angeles; Norma Watkins, Margaret Anderson, Salt Lake City; Dorothy Bengt, Culver City, Calif.; 14 grandchildren, four great-grandchildren.

Funeral will be announced from 38 E. 7th South.

A black and white portrait of Olaf Hagen, an elderly man with a mustache, wearing a dark suit, white shirt, and dark tie. He is looking directly at the camera.

*Olaf's obituary in The Deseret News,
16 February, 1955.*

Aurora continued to live at 1210 Sherman Avenue until her age and condition required that she be moved to a Salt Lake City rest home, where she died at the age of eighty-nine years on 19 December, 1957.³³¹ She was buried in the Salt Lake City Cemetery as an “impoverished single” on 21 December, 1957.³³²



Aurora's grave in the Salt Lake City Cemetery.

ENDNOTES

¹ Olaf Margidon Hagen (1863-1955), #KWJF-7N9, www.familysearch.org

² Norwegian LDS Church Membership Records 1877-1881, Family History Library [FHL] International film #0123204, item #10, #11.

³ Ole Haldorsen Hagen (1824-1881), #KWJF-BBZ, www.familysearch.org

⁴ Anne Martha Ellingsdatter (Skanchy) Hagen (1821-1915), #KWJN-346, www.familysearch.org

⁵ Christine Elinge Hagen (1852-1856), Olaf Olson Hagen (1857-1857) and Christine Maria Hagen (1857-1858).

⁶ Anna Louisa Olsdatter (Hagen) Poulsen (1847-1940), #KWJF-YB6, www.familysearch.org

⁷ Helmer “Henry” Christian Hagen (1849-1927), #LH2R-GJ7, www.familysearch.org

⁸ Martin Ludvig Olson Hagen (1855-1910), #LH2R-PRP, www.familysearch.org

⁹ Olise “Mathilda” Olsdatter (Hagen) Schade (1859-1954), #KWJF-BLF, www.familysearch.org

¹⁰ Photo copy of index card for Ana Martha Skanchy, Logan Temple Records, #1601. Held by Shelley Dawson Davies.

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- ¹¹ Notation for Anna on www.familysearch.org indicate she was baptized 19 March, 1861.
- ¹² Anton Lorenzo Skanchy (1839-1914), KWZS-592, www.familysearch.org
- ¹³ Amelia (Skanchy) Hartvigsen (1831-1872), K2HX-2Q8, www.familysearch.org
- ¹⁴ Anton Lorenzo Skanchy, "An Autobiography: Translated from Norwegian by John A. Widsoe." Attached to Anton Skanchy file # KWZS-592, www.familysearch.org
- ¹⁵ *Ibid.*
- ¹⁶ Jochumina (Olsdatter Anzion) Skanchy (1797-1877), #LC6L-3F6, www.familysearch.org
- ¹⁷ Skanchy, "An Autobiography: Translated from Norwegian by John A. Widsoe." Attached to Anton Skanchy file # KWZS-592, www.familysearch.org
- ¹⁸ Henry's obituary states he immigrated in 1868 (*The Salt Lake Telegram*, 28 April, 1927), but he gave the year of 1870 for the 1900 census. Henry Hagen household, 1900 U.S. census, Salt Lake City Ward 1, Salt Lake, Utah; Roll: 1684; Page: 10A; Enumeration District: 0004; FHL microfilm: 1241684, www.ancestry.com
- ¹⁹ Henry and his family moved to SLC in 1889, according to his obituary, *The Salt Lake Telegram*, 28 April, 1927.
- ²⁰ Both Anna and Mathilda gave their immigration date as 1870 in various U.S. census. See: Andrew Polson household, 1900 U.S. census Salt Lake City Ward 1, Salt Lake, Utah; Roll: 1684; Page: 11B; Enumeration District: 0005; FHL microfilm: 1241684, www.ancestry.com Also see: William L. Schade household, 1900 U.S. census, Salt Lake City Ward 5, Salt Lake, Utah; Roll: 1684; Page: 4A; Enumeration District: 0048; FHL microfilm: 1241684. Also, Matilda Schade household, 1930 U.S. census, Salt Lake City, Salt Lake, Utah; Roll: 2420; Page: 5A; Enumeration District: 0090; Image: 755.0; FHL microfilm: 2342154, www.ancestry.com
- ²¹ Norwegian LDS Church Membership Records 1877-1881, FHL International #0123204 (#10, #11)
- ²² Passenger list, *Wisconsin*, Liverpool to New York, 10 July -21 July, 1880 Ole H. Hagen entry shows an Ole H and Martha on the Wisconsin 1880, but Olaf does not appear on the list. Passenger list, *Wisconsin*, Liverpool to New York, 10 July -21 July, 1880, http://mormonmigration.lib.byu.edu/Search/showDetails/db:MM_MII/t:voyage/id:451/keywords:ole+hagen There is also a date conflict, as Norwegian LDS Church Membership Records 1877-1881, FHL International #0123204 (#10, #11) shows them immigrating in 1881. An Olaf M. Haugan is listed as a passenger from Copenhagen to Hull 20 June, 1881, http://mormonmigration.lib.byu.edu/Search/showDetails/db:MM_Scandinavia/t:voyage/id:21/keywords:hagen
- ²³ Norwegian LDS Church Membership Records 1877-1881, FHL International film #0025696. What became of Olaf's brother Martin is uncertain as he is not found in records after his 1869 confirmation at the age of fourteen. See Martin Ludvig Olsen Hage (1855-), Olaf Hage Family Tree, www.ancestry.com
- ²⁴ Ole and Martha Hagen are among a long list of emigrants arriving from Liverpool, "having Logan for their destination." *The Logan Leader*, 30 July, 1880.
- ²⁵ LDS Deceased Membership File, FHL film CR298/7 146.

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- ²⁶ Plot A-60-12-8, Utah Cemetery Inventory, www.history.utah.gov
- ²⁷ William L. Schade (1838-1901), #LHDT-HP3, www.familysearch.org
- ²⁸ William Schade, 257 East Third South, Salt Lake City; occupation: saloon. Robert W. Sloan, *Utah Gazetteer and Directory, 1884* (Herald Printing and Publishing Company, Salt Lake City, Utah), page 573, www.ancestry.com
- ²⁹ Olaf married Aurora two years before Salt Lake City recorded marriages. The marriage date of 29 May, 1885, comes from divorce papers: Hagen v. Hagen, Salt Lake County Civil Cases, Third District Court; Utah State Archives, reel #372, case #19965.
- ³⁰ Aurora Alma (Bowman) Hagen (1858-1957), #KVKV-6QX, www.familysearch.org
- ³¹ Alma Aurora (Bowman) Hagen, death certificate #58180043 (1957), Utah Department of Public Health, Salt Lake City. Jacob Bowman does not appear on Mormon Migration Index, <http://mormonmigration.lib.byu.edu/>
- ³² Jacob Edward Bohman (1841-1916), #LZPB-GR7, www.familysearch.org
- ³³ Hedvig (Lindberg) Bohman (1841-1871), #KNS5-WZJ, www.familysearch.org The names of Jacob and Hadvig Bowman come from Alma Aurora (Bowman) Hagen, death certificate #58180043 (1957), Utah Department of Public Health, Salt Lake City, www.ancestry.com
- ³⁴ Jacob E. Bowman household, 1880 U.S. census, Morgan County, Utah, population schedule, town of Peterson, enumeration district 34, page 2. Roll 1336. FHL film #1255336. Jacob is a widower. Jacob was born ca. 1841, Sweden, no immigration date.
- ³⁵ Olaf and Aurora's children are accounted for by consulting the U.S. census from 1900, 1910, and 1920, as well as the couple's 1915 divorce papers and Aurora's 1957 obituary.
- ³⁶ Jeanette Hagen (1886-1983), #2CXG-L2Y, www.familysearch.org
- ³⁷ Jeanette Hagen, #528-18-7955, U.S. Social Security Death Index, www.ancestry.com
- ³⁸ Helen Jean (Hagen) Flegal, (1917-1991), #KCLP-88B, www.familysearch.org
- ³⁹ Brevities, *Salt Lake Telegram*, 18 December 1917.
- ⁴⁰ Aurora Hagen household, 1930 U.S. census, Salt Lake City, Salt Lake, Utah, enumeration district 19, page 3A, roll 2418, www.ancestry.com
- ⁴¹ Jeanette Hagen, #528-18-7955, U.S. Social Security Death Index, www.ancestry.com
- ⁴² Louis Oscar Hagen (1888-1971), #K2W6-FT5, www.familysearch.org
- ⁴³ U.S. World War I Draft Registration Cards, 1917-1918, Utah, Salt Lake City, Roll 1983911, www.ancestry.com
- ⁴⁴ Tryphine Elizabeth (Layton) Hagen (1892-1988), #KWZ4-6QM, www.familysearch.org
- ⁴⁵ Louis Hagen-Tryphine Layton marriage, Select county Marriages, 1887-1937, FHL film 1670883, www.ancestry.com
- ⁴⁶ Herbert Layton Hagen (1918-2007), #2HM3-SS4, www.familysearch.org
- ⁴⁷ Donna (Hagen) Spencer (1919-2006), #2HM3-SW4, www.familysearch.org
- ⁴⁸ Joann Hagen (1932-2006), #2HM3-WR5, www.familysearch.org
- ⁴⁹ U.S. Social Security Death Index, California, 1951, #568-44-6634, www.ancestry.com
- ⁵⁰ Martha Henrietta Hagen (1889-1977), #KGCM-BY2, www.familysearch.org
- ⁵¹ Henrietta Hagen, #548-24-7794, U.S. Social Security Death Index, California, before 1951, www.ancestry.com

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- ⁵² Olaf Hagen household, 1900 U.S. census, Salt Lake County, Salt Lake City, Utah, enumeration district V-4 9, supervisor's district 273, sheet 6; FHL film #1241684, and Olaf Hagen household, 1910 U.S. census, Salt Lake City Ward 1, Salt Lake, Utah; Roll: T624_1605; Page: 15A; Enumeration District: 0096; FHL microfilm: 1375618, www.ancestry.com
- ⁵³ Hagen v. Hagen, Salt Lake County Civil Cases, Third District Court; Utah State Archives reel #372, case #19965.
- ⁵⁴ Henrietta Hagen household, 1930 U.S. census, Los Angeles county, Los Angeles city, California, enumeration district 19-385, supervisor's district 17, sheet 6B. Roll 147, image 350.0. Shows her as head of household, telephone operator, her brother Alvin E. (25) lives with her. They have a radio.
- ⁵⁵ Brevities, *Salt Lake Telegram*, 18 December 1917; Alma Aurora (Bowman) Hagen obituary, *Salt Lake City Tribune*, 20 December, 1957; FHL film #0164632.
- ⁵⁶ "May Be Queen," *Salt Lake Herald*, 29 March, 1920; "Girls Go Vote Vamping," *Salt Lake Herald*, 4 April, 1920; "First Screen Tests of Telegram Film Contest on Saturday," *Salt Lake Telegram*, 28 May, 1925; "S'posin You Were Bill," *Salt Lake Tribune*, 15 July, 1928; "Utah's Prettiest Girl to be Named in Lagoon Beauty Contest Tomorrow," *Salt Lake Herald*, undated.
- ⁵⁷ <http://trees.ancestry.com/tree/1955960/person/-1869763029/comments?pg=32768&pgpl=pid>, 1 February, 2011.
- ⁵⁸ Henrietta Hagen, #548-24-7794, U.S. Social Security Death Index, California, before 1951, www.ancestry.com All LDS ordinances have been done under the name of Martha.
- ⁵⁹ Harold Hagen (1892-1947), # 2671-R9N, www.familysearch.org
- ⁶⁰ Harold Hagen, U.S. World War I Draft Registration Card, 5 June, 1917, FHL roll #1983911, www.ancestry.com
- ⁶¹ Margaret (Haddock) Hagen (1898-1984), #LK3L-7RQ, www.familysearch.org
- ⁶² Western States Marriages, BYU, ID 611920. Certificate AO28324, <http://abish.byui.edu/specialCollections/westernStates/westernStatesRecordDetail.cfm?recordID=611920>
- ⁶³ Ralph H. Hagen (1918-), #LK3L-W5P, www.familysearch.org
- ⁶⁴ Harold Hagen household, 1930 U.S. census, Ventura county, Ventura city, California, enumeration distinct 56-26, supervisor's district 13, sheet 3A. Roll 227, image 827.0, www.ancestry.com The census shows Margaret's parents were born in England.
- ⁶⁵ Harold Hagen #560-30-1594, Social Security Death Index, California, 1940-1997.
- ⁶⁶ Herbert M. Hagen (1895-1975), #2671-R78, www.familysearch.org
- ⁶⁷ Herbert Hagen, U.S. World War I Draft Registration card, 1917-1918. FHL roll 1983911, www.ancestry.com
- ⁶⁸ *Ibid.*
- ⁶⁹ *The Salt Lake Telegram*, 19 January, 1950.
- ⁷⁰ Herbert Hagen, U.S. National Homes for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers, 1866-1938, www.ancestry.com The record shows Harold's nearest relative is L.O. Hagen, 218 South 4 Street, Santa Paula, California.
- ⁷¹ Nan (Browning) Hagen (1895-), #JJKR-QBY, www.familysearch.org
- ⁷² Hagen-Browning marriage, 28 April 1920, Salt Lake City, Utah. Western States Marriage Index, certificate AO34465, marriage ID 626374,

<http://abish.byui.edu/specialCollections/westernStates/westernStatesRecordDetail.cfm?recordID=626374> Nan Browning was from New York City.

⁷³ Hagen-Johnson marriage, no date, Weber County, Utah. Western States Marriage Index, ID #379746,

<http://abish.byui.edu/specialCollections/westernStates/westernStatesRecordDetail.cfm?recordID=379746>

⁷⁴ Leona (Johnson) Hagen McGarry (1905-1987), #KWVL-HZM, www.familysearch.org

⁷⁵ Aurora Hagen household, 1930 U.S. Census, Salt Lake City, Salt Lake, Utah, enumeration district 19, page 3A, roll 2418, www.ancestry.com

⁷⁶ "Salt Lake Man Fashions Valuable Violins with Pocket Knife and Bits of Broken Glass," *Salt Lake Telegram*, 7 November, 1936; "Hand Made Violin," *Salt Lake Telegram*, 11 February, 1941; "Salt Lake Veteran Proves Inspiration for Disabled," *Salt Lake Telegram*, 19 January, 1950.

⁷⁷ Herbert Hagen #528-18-3041, U.S. Social Security Death Index, Utah, before 1951.

⁷⁸ Earl Lief Hagen, (1897-1954), #L7L1-Y7D, www.familysearch.org

⁷⁹ U.S. World War I Draft Registration Cards, 1917-1918, Utah, Salt Lake City, Roll 1983909, www.ancestry.com

⁸⁰ Francis Eleanor "Ella" (Cook) Hagen (1893-1987), #KWDW-96W, www.familysearch.org

⁸¹ Utah, Select County Marriages, 1887-1937, FHL film 1324666, www.ancestry.com

⁸² Robert E. Hagen (1922-), #LK3L-2XN, www.familysearch.org

⁸³ Earl Hagen household, 1930 U.S. census, White Pine County, Ruth, Nevada, enumeration district 17-16, supervisor's district 1, sheet 13B. Roll 1297, image 430.0, www.ancestry.com

⁸⁴ Earl Hagen obituary, *Reno Evening Gazette*, Reno, Nevada, 1 April, 1954.

⁸⁵ Gene Hagen (1928-), #LK31-228, www.familysearch.org

⁸⁶ Earl Hagen household, 1940 U.S. census, Ely, White Pine, Nevada; Roll: T627_2282; Page: 13B; Enumeration District: 17-7, www.ancestry.com

⁸⁷ Leah Hagen (1931-), #LK3L-LCB, www.familysearch.org

⁸⁸ Charles Hagen (1934-) #LK3L-L74, Children are also confirmed by Earl Hagen obituary, *Reno Evening Gazette*, Reno, Nevada, 1 April, 1954, www.ancestry.com

⁸⁹ Herbert Hagen #528-18-3041, U.S. Social Security Death Index, Utah, before 1951.

⁹⁰ Norma (Hagen) Watkins (1899-1975), #9VGD-F9X, www.familysearch.org

⁹¹ Norma Hagen #529-32-5269, U.S. Social Security Death Index, Utah before 1951.

⁹² Olaf Hagen household, 1900 U.S. census, Salt Lake County, Salt Lake City, Utah, enumeration district V-4 9, supervisor's district 273, sheet 6; FHL film #1241684, www.ancestry.com

⁹³ Hagen v. Hagen, Salt Lake County Civil Cases, Third District Court; Utah State Archives reel #372, case #19965.

⁹⁴ Salt Lake City Births 1890-1904, FHL Special Collections (restricted); film #0026477, entry #8802.

⁹⁵ Aurora Hagen death, series 3922 page #57, line 2310, report #50; Utah State Archives.

⁹⁶ Arthur L. Watkins (1897-1980), #LK3L-LL5, www.familysearch.org

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- ⁹⁷ Arthur L. Watkins, World War I Draft Registration Card, Salt Lake County, Utah, Draft Board 1, Roll 1984053, www.ancestry.com. An alternate birthdate of 4 October, 1897, is found on Walter's marriage certificate: Watkins-Hagen marriage, 8 November, 1923, Farmington, Davis County, Utah; Utah Marriages 1887-1966, FHL film 484358.
- ⁹⁸ Watkins-Hagen marriage, 8 November, 1923, Farmington, Davis County, Utah; Utah Marriages 1887-1966, FHL film 484358.
- ⁹⁹ Watkin Watkins household, 1900 U.S. Census, Grampion [Milford], Beaver, Utah, enumeration district 71, page 5B, roll T623-1682, www.ancestry.com
- ¹⁰⁰ Watkin Watkins (1881-), #LK35-84S, www.familysearch.org
- ¹⁰¹ By 1920, Ann was widowed: Ann Watkins household, 1920 U.S. Census, Salt Lake City, Salt Lake, Utah, enumeration district 173, page 5B, roll T625-1867, image 541, www.ancestry.com
- ¹⁰² Gloria Ann Watkins (1925-), #LK35-8DM, www.familysearch.org
- ¹⁰³ Author (Arthur) L. Watkins household, 1930 U.S. census, Salt Lake county, Salt Lake City, Utah, enumeration district 18-6, supervisor's district 2, sheet 8A. Roll 2418, image 1344.0, www.ancestry.com
- ¹⁰⁴ Dennis A. Watkins (1939-), #
- ¹⁰⁵ Arthur L. Watkins household, 1940 U.S. census, Salt Lake, Salt Lake, Utah; Roll: T627_4223; Page: 1B; Enumeration District: 30-38C, www.ancestry.com
- ¹⁰⁶ Norma Hagen #529-32-5269 Social Security Death Index, Utah before 1951, www.ancestry.com
- ¹⁰⁷ Arthur L. Watkins, U.S. Social Security Death Index, issued through Railroad Board, before 1951, #700-03-2038, www.ancestry.com
- ¹⁰⁸ Aurora Hagen (1899-1899), LK35-8KY, www.familysearch.org
- ¹⁰⁹ Salt Lake City Births 1890-1904, FHL Special Collections (restricted); film #0026477, entry #8802.
- ¹¹⁰ Aurora Hagen death, series 3922 page #57, line 2310, report #50; Utah State Archives, online database, www.ancestry.com
- ¹¹¹ Alvin Eugene Hagen (1904-1943), #LK35-DQQ, www.familysearch.org
- ¹¹² Alvin Eugene Hagen, California Death Index, 1940-1997, www.ancestry.com
- ¹¹³ Henrietta Hagen household, 1930 U.S. census, Los Angeles county, Los Angeles city, California, enumeration district 19-385, supervisor's district 17, sheet 6B. Roll 147, image 350.0, www.ancestry.com
- ¹¹⁴ Alvin Eugene Hagen, California Death Index, 1940-1997, www.ancestry.com
- ¹¹⁵ <http://trees.ancestry.com/tree/1955960/person/-1869761513>, as of 1 February, 2011.
- ¹¹⁶ Margaret (Hagen) Ridd Anderson Henrie (1906-1993), #I64Y-C72, www.familysearch.org
- ¹¹⁷ Ridd-Hagen marriage, 30 June, 1925, Salt Lake City, Salt Lake county, Utah; Utah Marriages, 1887-1996; FHL film #429121, reference #47454.
- ¹¹⁸ "First Screen Test of Telegram Film Contest Girls on Saturday," *The Salt Lake Telegram*, 28 May, 1925.
- ¹¹⁹ "S'posin You Were Bill," *Salt Lake Tribune*, 15 July, 1928.
- ¹²⁰ Clyde John Ridd (1902-1941), #K2HZ-4DF, www.familysearch.org
- ¹²¹ Ridd-Hagen marriage, 30 June, 1925, Salt Lake City, Salt Lake county, Utah; Utah Marriages, 1887-1996; FHL film #429121, reference #47454.
- ¹²² Ridd-Hagen marriage, 30 June, 1925, Salt Lake City, Salt Lake county, Utah; Utah Marriages, 1887-1996; FHL film #429121, reference #47454.

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- ¹²³ Beverly Jean (Ridd) Williams (1926 -2004), #LK35-6WN, www.familysearch.org
- ¹²⁴ Clyde J. Ridd household, 1930 U.S. census, Salt Lake county, Salt Lake City, Utah, enumeration district 18-19, supervisor's district 2, sheet 3A. Roll 2418, image 2099.0. Also, *Salt Lake Telegram*, 31 July, 1926. Beverly died 17 December, 2004 (<http://trees.ancestry.com/tree/1955960/person/-1869696906>, 1 February, 2011).
- ¹²⁵ Carol (Ridd) Zimmerman (1932-2004), #LK35-X7L, www.familysearch.org
- ¹²⁶ Hagen/Santiago family tree, <http://trees.ancestry.com/tree/1955960/person/-1869695998/facts/facts>, 1 February, 2011. Carol died 17 December, 2004 (<http://trees.ancestry.com/tree/1955960/person/-1869695998>, 1 February, 2011).
- ¹²⁷ Mercleve M. Ridd (1934-), #LK35-X84, www.familysearch.org
- ¹²⁸ *Salt Lake Telegram*, 24 May, 1934, birth notices. Also see Clyde Ridd household, 1940 U.S. census, Salt Lake, Salt Lake, Utah; Roll: T627_4226; Page: 14A; Enumeration District: 30-105, www.ancestry.com
- ¹²⁹ Utah Death Index, 1905-1951, Salt Lake City, Utah, Department of Health; file 1941004295. Also Clyde John Ridd, obituary, *Salt Lake Telegram*, 15 December, 1941.
- ¹³⁰ <http://trees.ancestry.com/tree/1955960/person/-1869761103>, 1 February, 2011.
- ¹³¹ F. Anderson. Further research needs to be done to identify this person.
- ¹³² <http://trees.ancestry.com/tree/1955960/person/-1869761103>, 1 February, 2011.
- ¹³³ W. Tschaggeny. Further research needs to be done to identify this person.
- ¹³⁴ Alma Aurora (Bowman) Hagen obituary, *Salt Lake City Tribune*, 20 December, 1957; FHL film #0164632.
- ¹³⁵ Richard Ellis Henrie (1905-1980), #KW8R-K1Z, www.familysearch.org
- ¹³⁶ Ellis Richard Henrie obituary, *The Deseret News*, 1 September, 1980.
- ¹³⁷ *Ibid.*
- ¹³⁸ Margaret Hagen Ridd Anderson Henrie obituary, *Salt Lake Tribune*, Salt Lake City, Utah, 5 January, 1993, www.ancestry.com
- ¹³⁹ Dorothy (Hagen) Bengé Ackerson Parker (1908-1990) # LK35-K9J, www.familysearch.org
- ¹⁴⁰ Dorothy Hagen #528-20-1074, U.S. Social Security Death Index, Utah, before 1951.
- ¹⁴¹ Elden Eugene Bengé (1904-1960), #97W1-BZS, www.familysearch.org
- ¹⁴² Elden E. Bengé, #572-07-8419, California Death Index, 1940-1997, www.ancestry.com
- ¹⁴³ Elden Bengé household, 1940 U.S. census, Chicago, Cook, Illinois; Roll: T627_992; Page: 9A; Enumeration District: 103-2215, www.ancestry.com
- ¹⁴⁴ Aurora Hagen household, 1930 U.S. census, Salt Lake City, Salt Lake, Utah, enumeration district 19, page 3A, roll 2418, www.ancestry.com
- ¹⁴⁵ Ronald Bengé (1933-1973), #LK35-2JM, www.familysearch.org
- ¹⁴⁶ Donald Bengé (1933-2007), #LK35-2VC, www.familysearch.org
- ¹⁴⁷ Ronald Bengé birth, Cook County Illinois Birth Index, 1916-1935, file #6038794, Cook County Genealogy Records (Births), Chicago, Illinois. Donald Bengé birth: Cook County Illinois Birth Index, 1916-1935, file #6038795, Cook County Genealogy Records (Births), Chicago, Illinois, www.ancestry.com
- ¹⁴⁸ http://abel.hive.no/trumpet/tpin/Eldon_Benge.html

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- ¹⁴⁹ Ronald Bengé death, U.S. Social Security death index, California, 1951, #555-44-9040, www.ancestry.com
- ¹⁵⁰ Donald Bengé death, U.S. Social Security Death Index, Burbank, Los Angeles, California, issued in Utah before 1951, #529-38-7728, www.ancestry.com
- ¹⁵¹ Joan DuBois, "In Passing: Donald E. Bengé (1933-2007)," <https://www.uschess.org/content/view/9984/512/> Donald left no heirs or family members. See: "Justices Overturn Restitution Order to Estate as Victim," Metropolitan News Enterprise, 17 July, 2012, <http://www.metnews.com/articles/2012/runy071712.htm>
- ¹⁵² https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Elden_Benge
- ¹⁵³ <http://www.dallasmusic.org/gearhead/Benge.html>; also California Death Index, 1940-1997, Los Angeles, #572-07-8419, www.ancestry.com
- ¹⁵⁴ Glen C. Ackerson (1922-2000), #LK35-5BY, www.familysearch.org
- ¹⁵⁵ Glen C. Ackerson, #356-16-3942, U.S. Social Security Death Index, 1935-2014, www.ancestry.com
- ¹⁵⁶ Ackerson-Benge marriage, 3 November 1957, Nevada Marriage Index, 1956-2005, page A10, www.ancestry.com
- ¹⁵⁷ California Divorce Index, 1966-1984, www.ancestry.com
- ¹⁵⁸ Glen Ackerson #356-16-3942, U.S. Social Security death index, California, www.ancestry.com
- ¹⁵⁹ Margaret Hagen Ridd Anderson Henrie obituary, *Salt Lake Tribune*, Salt Lake City, Utah, 5 January, 1993, www.ancestry.com
- ¹⁶⁰ Dorothy Hagen #528-20-1074, U.S. Social Security Death Index, Utah, before 1951. She is buried under the name Dorothy Hagen in Mount Calvary Catholic Cemetery, <http://history.utah.gov/burials/execute/viewburial?id=4978&cemeteryid=SL2100>.
- ¹⁶¹ LDS church census 1914, 1920, 1925, 1930, 1935; FHL Film # 0367368; LDS church Census, 1940, 1950 (film # 0471494); 1900 Census: FHL Film # 124168. Ensign ward records to 1927 (#026758); Ensign ward records to 1941 (026759); Ensign ward records 1913-1940, list of ordinances (026760).
- ¹⁶² Helen A. Papanikolas, editor, *The Peoples of Utah*, (Utah State Historical Society, 1983), page 150.
- ¹⁶³ Papanikolas, *Peoples of Utah*, page 182.
- ¹⁶⁴ Lorenzo Stenhouse, *Utah Gazetteer and Directory of Salt Lake, Ogden, Provo and Logan Cities* (Salt Lake City, Utah, 1888), page 319; *R.L. Polk & Co.'s Salt Lake City Directory* (Salt Lake City: R.L. Polk, 1891), page 340; *R.L. Polk & Co.'s Salt Lake City Directory* (Salt Lake City: R.L. Polk, 1892), page 341; *R.L. Polk & Co.'s Salt Lake City Directory* (Salt Lake City: R.L. Polk, 1894-95), page 351; *R.L. Polk & Co.'s Salt Lake City Directory* (Salt Lake City: R.L. Polk, 1897-98), page 298.
- ¹⁶⁵ Jeffery D. Nichols, *Prostitution, Polygamy and Power: Salt Lake City, 1847-1918*, (University of Illinois Press, 2002), page 45.
- ¹⁶⁶ <http://www.examiner.com/history-in-salt-lake-city/regent-street-salt-lake-s-red-light-district>, 25 November, 2010.
- ¹⁶⁷ <http://www.hmdb.org/marker.asp?marker=35306>, 25 November, 2010.

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- ¹⁶⁸ Hagen & Enquist v. Brigham E. West, Albert Fisher 7 Jesse W. Fox, Jr., Salt Lake County Civil Cases, Third District Court; Utah State Archives reel #100, case #3714.
- ¹⁶⁹ *Ibid.*
- ¹⁷⁰ From various Salt Lake City directories: 1888-92, 366 south 3rd East; 1894, 363 East 8th South; 1895, 1004 West 1st So.; 1896, 342 South 2nd East; 1897, 227 East 2nd South; 1898, 454 Hazel Court.
- ¹⁷¹ Augusta Matilda (Alexanderson/Anderson) Grell (1865-1935), #KWJ2-PX2, www.familysearch.org
- ¹⁷² Augusta (Anderson) Grell, death certificate #20 (1935), Oregon Health Division, Center for Health Statistics, Salem.
- ¹⁷³ Anderson Magnus Alexanderson (1837-1901), #KNS3-75M, www.familysearch.org
- ¹⁷⁴ Sophia Louisa (Eriksdotter Knutsson) Alexanderson (1843-1908), #LZRL-RSK, www.familysearch.org .
- ¹⁷⁵ Edla Adolfina Ottilia (Alexanderson) Johnson (1867-1946), #M19T-787, www.familysearch.org
- ¹⁷⁶ Anna Lovisa (Alexanderson) Jacobsson (1870-1952), #L7G4-1MD, www.familysearch.org
- ¹⁷⁷ Sophia Christina (Alexanderson) Chytraus (1876-1956), #KWZS-TGX, www.familysearch.org
- ¹⁷⁸ Elin Karolina (Alexanderson) Friedel (1880-1962), #MQG5-S4N, www.familysearch.org
- ¹⁷⁹ Helga Alexandra (Alexanderson) Dunn (1882-1976), #LC2F-5NC, www.familysearch.org
- ¹⁸⁰ Augusta gave her immigration date as 1880 (at 15 years old) in the U.S. census for 1900, 1910 and 1920.
- ¹⁸¹ Letter from Edith (Hagen) Grell Hill (5526 ½ Ruthelon, Los Angeles, California,) to Janice (Page) Dawson (Rural Route 2, Layton, Utah), 16 November, 1958. Copy held by Shelley Dawson Davies.
- ¹⁸² *Ibid.*
- ¹⁸³ Salt Lake City directories for 1897, 1898; also the 1900 census.
- ¹⁸⁴ Edith Otelia/Delores (Hagen) (Grell) Bathrick Hill (1892-1984), #9NHN-CM7, www.familysearch.org. The name “Otelia” was probably given to Edith in honor of her aunt Edla Adolfina Ottilia Alexanderson. “Otelia” instead of “Delores” was recorded as Edith’s middle name on a family group sheet prepared in 1960 based on information obtained from Edith in conversation. See: Olaf Hagen-Augusta Matilda Anderson family group sheet,” supplied by Janice (Page) Dawson, 1960. Held by Shelley Dawson Davies.
- ¹⁸⁵ Edith Ote Hill, #541-22-4815, U.S. Social Security Death Index, 1898-2008, Oregon State Library; 1966-1970 Death Index; Reel Title: State of Oregon Death Index; Year Range: 1981-1990, www.ancestry.com This source has 1890 as Edith’s year of birth, but all U.S. census records consistently show she was born in 1892.
- ¹⁸⁶ Ray Lester Bathrick (1884-1942), #9NHN-CMQ, www.familysearch.org
- ¹⁸⁷ Ray Lester Bathrick, U.S. World War I Draft Registration Cards, 1917-1918, Oregon, Douglas County, Roll 1852055, www.ancestry.com
- ¹⁸⁸ Bathrick-Grell marriage, Washington Marriage Records, 1865-2004, #swclkmc8128, www.ancestry.com
- ¹⁸⁹ Jack P. Bathrick (1918-1980), #KGSB-YSG, www.familysearch.org

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- ¹⁹⁰ Jack Bathrick, #540-16-9272, U.S. Social Security Death Index, 1935-2014, Oregon, before 1951, www.ancestry.com
- ¹⁹¹ Ray L. Bathrick, Oregon Death Index, 1898-2008, Oregon State Library; Death Index 1942-50; Reel Title: Oregon Death Index A-KI; Year Range: 1942-1950, www.ancestry.com
- ¹⁹² John Hill is listed as spouse on Edith Ote Hill, #541-22-4815, U.S. Social Security Death Index, 1898-2008, Oregon State Library; 1966-1970 Death Index; Reel Title: State of Oregon Death Index; Year Range: 1981-1990, www.ancestry.com
- ¹⁹³ John E. Hill (-), #LK3C-1GT, www.familysearch.org The year of marriage is noted as 1945 on Olaf Hagen-Augusta Matilda Anderson family group sheet," supplied by Janice (Page) Dawson, 1960. The sheet was sourced in part through conversations with Edith (Hagen) Grell Hill. Held by Shelley Dawson Davies.
- ¹⁹⁴ Edith Ote Hill, #541-22-4815, U.S. Social Security Death Index, 1898-2008, Oregon State Library; 1966-1970 Death Index; Reel Title: State of Oregon Death Index; Year Range: 1981-1990, www.ancestry.com
- ¹⁹⁵ Emile Oliver "Otto" Layton (1894-1962), #2MP9-FDM, www.familysearch.org Otto's full name is taken from a family group sheet prepared in 1960 based on information obtained from Otto's sister Edith in conversation. See: Olaf Hagen-Augusta Matilda Anderson family group sheet," supplied by Janice (Page) Dawson, 1960. The sheet was sourced in part through conversations with Edith (Hagen) Grell Hill. Held by Shelley Dawson Davies.
- ¹⁹⁶ Otto Layton birth, World War I Draft Registration Cards, 1917-1918, FHL film #1983883, www.ancestry.com
- ¹⁹⁷ George Thomas Layton (1869-1949), #KWJ8-C6K, www.familysearch.org
- ¹⁹⁸ Anne Elizabeth (De Shazo) Layton (1873-1950), #KWJ8-C6K, www.familysearch.org
- ¹⁹⁹ It is interesting to note that George's niece, Tryphine Layton, married Louis Hagen, son of Olaf and Aurora, in 1917.
- ²⁰⁰ George L. Layton household, 1910 U.S. census, Davis County, Kaysville city, Utah, enumeration district 39, supervisor's district Utah, sheet 14B. Roll T624-1603.
- ²⁰¹ Layton-Setter marriage, Washington Marriage Records, 1865-2004, #swclkm9600, www.ancestry.com
- ²⁰² Ida (Setter) Layton (1893-1979), #LK3C-13K, www.familysearch.org
- ²⁰³ Otto Layton household, 1930 U.S. census, Carver County, Clackamas, Oregon, enumeration district 23, page 1A. Roll 1940, image 218.0, www.ancestry.com
- ²⁰⁴ *Ibid.*
- ²⁰⁵ Lavonne (Layton) Gutknecht (1916-), #LK3Z-MDD, www.familysearch.org
- ²⁰⁶ Evelyn (Layton) Hammond (1917-), #LK3Z-MFD, www.familysearch.org
- ²⁰⁷ Lorrain (Layton) Foss (1920-), #LK3Z-MVV, www.familysearch.org
- ²⁰⁸ Opal Layton ((1922-), #LK3Z-MG9, www.familysearch.org
- ²⁰⁹ Clinton Layton (1924-), #LK3Z-M56, www.familysearch.org
- ²¹⁰ Otto Layton, Oregon Death Index, 1903-1998, certificate #10192, www.ancestry.com
- ²¹¹ Interview with Lillie (Young) Dawson by Richard Rex Dawson, 1971. Transcript held by Shelley Dawson Davies.
- ²¹² *Ibid.*
- ²¹³ Alexander "H" Dawson (1896-1968), #KWZG-7KD, www.familysearch.org

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- ²¹⁴ Salt Lake City Births 1890-1904, FHL Special Collections (restricted); film #0026477, entry 4703.
- ²¹⁵ Alexander Dawson (1865-1936), #KWCL-QGB, www.familysearch.org
- ²¹⁶ Mary Catherine (Green) Dawson (1869-1941), #KWCL-QGT, www.familysearch.org
- ²¹⁷ The area where the Dawson farm was located became the town of Layton in 1902.
- ²¹⁸ Alexander Dawson household, 1900 U.S. census, Davis County, Layton city, Utah, enumeration district 93, supervisor's district 273, page 2B. Roll T623-1683, www.ancestry.com
- ²¹⁹ Alexander Hagen adoption decree, Second District Court, Davis County, Utah; 17 May, 1924. Copy held by Shelley Dawson Davies.
- ²²⁰ Lillie (Young) Dawson (1895-1974), #KWZG-7K8, www.familysearch.org
- ²²¹ Dawson-Young marriage, 17 January 1917, Weber County Courthouse, Ogden, Utah. Certificate copy held by Shelley Dawson Davies.
- ²²² Marseille (Dawson) Wood (1920-2010), #LZXN-4CD, www.familysearch.org
- ²²³ Jack William Dawson (1921-1977), #KWZG-75N, www.familysearch.org
- ²²⁴ Richard Rex Dawson (1927-), LNDN-56L, www.familysearch.org
- ²²⁵ Alex Dawson, #528-12-4871, U.S. Social Security Death Index, 1935-2014, Utah, before 1951, www.ancestry.com
- ²²⁶ Lucille Eva (Hagen) Herren (1902-1966), #L6SH-KVG, www.familysearch.org Lucille's maiden name was Hagen when she married in 1920. Herren-Hagen marriage, Washington Marriage Records, 1865-2004, reference #swclkmc23203, www.ancestry.com
- ²²⁷ Lucile E. Herren, National Cemetery Administration, U.S. Veterans Gravesites, ca. 1775-2006, www.ancestry.com
- ²²⁸ George Henry Clay Herren (1894-1970), #L6S6-FV6, www.familysearch.org
- ²²⁹ World War II draft registration card, 1942, www.ancestry.com
- ²³⁰ Herren-Hagen marriage, Washington Marriage Records, 1865-2004, reference #swclkmc23203, www.ancestry.com
- ²³¹ George H. Herren household, 1930 U.S. Census, Portland, Multnomah, Oregon, enumeration district 352, page 2B, roll 1952. Also, George Herren household, 1940 U.S. census, Portland, Multnomah, Oregon; Roll: T627_3390; Page: 3B; Enumeration District: 37-296, www.ancestry.com
- ²³² Juanita Delores Herron (1921-2006), #L6S6-FKP, www.familysearch.org
- ²³³ Geraldine Lois Herren (1926-1927), #LKQ6-37F, www.familysearch.org Oregon Death Index, 1898-2008, Oregon State Library; Death Index 1921-1930 Begin-A; Reel Title: Oregon Death Index A-Z; Year Range: 1921-1930, certificate 159, www.ancestry.com
- ²³⁴ Lloyd Melvin Herren (1929-2010), #L6S6-F28, www.familysearch.org
- ²³⁵ Barbara Dorean Herren (1936-1936), #L6S6-FLS, www.ancestry.com Find A Grave Memorial #47913800.
- ²³⁶ Lucile Herron, Oregon Death Index, 1903-98, certificate #4066, www.ancestry.com
- ²³⁷ George Herren, Social Security Death Index, Oregon before 1951, #540-07-6716, www.ancestry.com
- ²³⁸ Interview, Lillie (Young) Dawson, 1971.
- ²³⁹ Letter, Edith (Hagen) Grell Hill to Janice (Page) Dawson, 16 November, 1958.

²⁴⁰ *Ibid.*

²⁴¹ “The Discontinuation of Polygamy,” http://www.mormon-polygamy.org/polygamy_discontinue

²⁴² “Continuance Granted Until Witnesses Found”, *Salt Lake City Tribune*, 21 September, 1893.

²⁴³ Minutes, Third District Court, 12 October, 1893; The United States of America vs. Olaf Hagen. Utah State Historical Society, film series 1649, reel 16.

²⁴⁴ FHL sources searched for possible Olaf/Augusta marriage, 1 August, 1998, no results:

Territorial records in Automated Resource Center

Utah Marriage Licenses, CD #8

Territorial Records #15

Old Automated archives, or 115 series

Hispanic/Spanish surnames (shows clear divorce records)

Temple Index Bureau, Special Collections, Second Floor, Box #1234597 (shows temple ordinances done by self and proxy)

Index to all disks in Family Tree Maker #168 Volume 7

CD #34 WFT Vol. 7

CD #44 LDS Family History Suite—searched entire library

Salt Lake County marriages, film #0820161

²⁴⁵ LDS Church census, 1914, 1920, 1925, 1930, 1935, 1940, 1950, FHL Film # 0367368, # 0471494. Ensign ward records to 1927, FHL #026758. Ensign ward records to 1941, #026759. Ensign ward records, list of ordinances from 1913-1940, FHL #026760.

²⁴⁶ Jeffery D. Nichols, *Prostitution, Polygamy and Power: Salt Lake City, 1847-1918*, (University of Illinois Press, 2002), page 49.

²⁴⁷ *R.L. Polk & Co.'s Salt Lake City Directory* (Salt Lake City: R.L. Polk, 1898).

²⁴⁸ Letter, Edith (Hagen) Grell Hill to Janice (Page) Dawson, 16 November, 1958.

²⁴⁹ Interview, Lillie (Young) Dawson, 1971.

²⁵⁰ Interview with E. Harris Adams, July, 1999. Transcript held by interviewer Shelley Dawson Davies.

²⁵¹ Letter, Edith (Hagen) Grell Hill to Janice (Page) Dawson, 16 November, 1958.

²⁵² *Ibid.*

²⁵³ Alexander Dawson household, 1900 U.S. census, Davis County, Layton city, Utah, enumeration district 93, supervisor's district 273, page 2B. Roll T623-1683, www.ancestry.com

²⁵⁴ Letter, Edith (Hagen) [Bathrick] Hill to Janice (Page) Dawson, 17 August, 1958.

²⁵⁵ Interview, Richard Rex Dawson, 1997.

²⁵⁵ *Ibid.*

²⁵⁶ Interview, Lillie (Young) Dawson, 1971.

²⁵⁷ Letter, Edith (Hagen) Grell Hill to Janice (Page) Dawson, 16 November, 1958.

²⁵⁸ Peter Andrew Grell (1861-1929), #KCZK-9M9, www.familysearch.org

²⁵⁹ Grell-Anderson marriage, 16 March 1903, in Salt Lake City, Utah; Early Church Membership File, card #498, FHL Film #1750680.

²⁶⁰ Anna Catherine Tenia (Dresler) Grell Kopstad (1864-1958), #KCZK-9M9, www.familysearch.org

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- ²⁶¹ Peter A. Grell household, 1900 U.S. census, Douglas county, Omaha city, Nebraska, enumeration district 66, page 58. Roll T623-924, www.ancestry.com
Children: Arthur, 15, born in Iowa; Elfie, 14, born in Iowa; Bruno, 12, born in Iowa; Walter, 7, born in Nebraska; Henry, 6, born in Nebraska. Immigrated in 1881.
- ²⁶² *R.L. Polk & Co.'s Salt Lake City Directory* (Salt Lake City: R.L. Polk, 1903).
- ²⁶³ "Singers Elect Officers", *Salt Lake Herald*, 8 July, 1902.
- ²⁶⁴ "German-American Democrats", *Deseret News* 23 October, 1902.
- ²⁶⁵ *R.L. Polk & Co.'s Salt Lake City Directory* (Salt Lake City: R.L. Polk, 1903).
- ²⁶⁶ *Salt Lake Herald*, 23 April, 1906.
- ²⁶⁷ Letter, Edith (Hagen) Grell Hill to Janice (Page) Dawson, 16 November, 1958.
- ²⁶⁸ Isabel Grell (1909-1909), #26QF-CX7, www.familysearch.org
- ²⁶⁹ Isabelle Grell, death certificate #573 (1909), Utah State Board of Health, Salt Lake City, www.ancestry.com
- ²⁷⁰ Peter later moved to California where he died 16 November, 1929, in Santa Barbara. California Death Index, 1905-1939, www.ancestry.com
- ²⁷¹ Letter, Edith (Hagen) Grell Hill to Janice (Page) Dawson, 16 November, 1958.
- ²⁷² Bathrick-Grell marriage, Washington Marriage Records, 1865-2004, #swclkmc8128, www.ancestry.com
- ²⁷³ Letter, Edith (Hagen) Grell Hill to Janice (Page) Dawson, 16 November, 1958.
- ²⁷⁴ Augusta Grell household, 1920 U.S. census, Multnomah County, Portland city, Oregon, enumeration district 39, supervisor's district 3, sheet 12; FHL film #1821499, www.ancestry.com
- ²⁷⁵ Approximate date calculated by the births of Otto's children.
- ²⁷⁶ "Deaths: Augusta Grell", *Salt Lake Telegram*, 30 January, 1935.
- ²⁷⁷ Augusta Grell, death certificate # 20 (1935), Oregon Health Division, Center for Health Statistics, Salem. Copy held by Shelley Dawson Davies.
- ²⁷⁸ Interview, Lillie (Young) Dawson, 1971.
- ²⁷⁹ Augusta Grell obituary, *The Morning Oregonian*, Portland, Oregon, 30 January, 1935, page 12.
- ²⁸⁰ Residences from 1899-1908: 1899, 459 Hazel Court; 1900, #2 Hazel Court; 1903, 459 Hazel Court; 1905-1908, 524 South 6th East, taken from various Salt Lake City directories.
- ²⁸¹ "Real Estate Transfers", *Salt Lake Herald*, 22 June 1906.
- ²⁸² Inspector of Buildings Register of Permits and Bills, book 1,2,3, Salt Lake City, 1912-1922, page 15.
- ²⁸³ "Illness Causes Bankruptcy", *Salt Lake Herald*, 12 November, 1910.
- ²⁸⁴ Inspector of Buildings Register of Permits and Bills, Book 1,2,3; Salt Lake City, 1912-1922.
- ²⁸⁵ Hagen v. Hagen, Salt Lake County Civil Cases, Third District Court; Utah State Archives reel #372, case #19965.
- ²⁸⁶ *Ibid.*
- ²⁸⁷ The 1920 census shows the following children at home: Jeanette (32), Herbert (24), Norma (20), Alvin (15), Margaret (13), Dorothy (10), Helen (adopted, 18 mo.). Aurora Hagen household, 1920 U. S. census, Salt Lake County, Salt Lake City, Utah, enumeration district 93, supervisor's district 2, sheet 3; FHL film #1821865, www.ancestry.com

²⁸⁸ *R.L. Polk & Co.'s Salt Lake City Directory* (Salt Lake City: R.L. Polk, 1922-23), page 387. FHL film 1612165.

²⁸⁹ Anton Walfrid Anderson (1875-1965), #KWN2-JZH, www.familysearch.org

²⁹⁰ Anderson v. Hagen, Salt Lake County Civil Cases, Third District Court; Utah State Archives reel #561, case #3295. Salt Lake County Civil Cases, Third District Court, Reel #561, Case #32945.

²⁹¹ Hilda Katarina Ljungqvist (1874-1946), #LHJG-GC6, www.familysearch.org

²⁹² Nils Iorail Ljungqvist (1848-), #M4ZY-238, www.familysearch.org

²⁹³ Karin Elizabaeth (Forsman) Ljungqvist (1852-), #M4ZY-23G, www.familysearch.org

²⁹⁴ Hilda Katherine (Anderson) Hagen death certificate #629 (1946), Utah Department of Commerce, Salt Lake City, www.ancestry.com

²⁹⁵ Anderson vs. Anderson, Salt Lake County Civil Cases, Third District Court, Reel #561, Case #32945.

²⁹⁶ Court papers list three children, no ages or birthdates. Hilda's obituary lists the three children with their married names. Mrs. Ida Crosby, Mrs. Ester Harvey, and Mrs. Ellen Ryser; Hilda (Anderson) Hagen obituary, *Deseret News*, 8 April 1946, page 9. FHL film # 027162.

²⁹⁷ Ida Katerina (Anderson) Crosby (1899-1965), #KWC6-TYW, www.familysearch.org

²⁹⁸ Crosby-Anderson marriage, Utah Select Marriage, 1887-1966, FHL film 429114, reference #cn42317, www.ancestry.com

²⁹⁹ Charles Hannibal Crosby (1891-1950), #KWC6-TY7, www.familysearch.org

³⁰⁰ Charles Crosby household, 1940 U.S. census, Salt Lake, Salt Lake, Utah; Roll: T627_4226; Page: 11B; Enumeration District: 30-123, www.ancestry.com

³⁰¹ Betty Irene (Crosby) Whitehead (1923-2014), #LVKR-4BP, www.familysearch.org

³⁰² Elaine S. Crosby (1928-), #LKQS-R57, www.familysearch.org

³⁰³ LeRoy C. Crosby (1930-), #LKQS-RTR, www.familysearch.org

³⁰⁴ Katherine May Crosby (1932-2002), #L7NY-CYH, www.familysearch.org

³⁰⁵ Bernice Thelma Crosby (1933-1989), K4KW-6G9, www.familysearch.org

³⁰⁶ Glen Robert Crosby (1935-1995), #KWCQ-6G9, www.familysearch.org

³⁰⁷ Ida Crosby death date from LDS Church Membership records, www.familysearch.org

³⁰⁸ Esther Valencia (Anderson) Harvey (1902-1983), #KHY2-9ZM, www.familysearch.org

³⁰⁹ Utah, Naturalization and Citizenship Records, 1858-1959, Utah State Archives and Records Service; Salt Lake City, Utah; County: Salt Lake; Record Group: Salt Lake County, Third District Court Declarations of Intention Record Books, 1896-1959; Series: 85108, www.ancestry.com

³¹⁰ Louis William Harvey (1895-1961), 9S5Q-8M1, www.familysearch.org

³¹¹ Harvey-Anderson marriage, Utah, Select County Marriages, 1887-1937, FHL film 429129, www.ancestry.com

³¹² Louis W. Harvey household, 1930 U.S. census, Salt Lake City, Salt Lake, Utah; Roll: 2421; Page: 5A; Enumeration District: 0075; Image: 991.0; FHL microfilm: 2342155, and 1940 U.S. census, Salt Lake, Salt Lake, Utah; Roll: T627_4226; Page: 10B; Enumeration District: 30-125, www.ancestry.com

³¹³ Esther Harvey death date from LDS Church Membership records, www.familysearch.org

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- ³¹⁴ Ellen Gothilda (Anderson) Ryser (1906-1976), #KWCK-NBX, www.familysearch.org
- ³¹⁵ Ryser-Anderson marriage, Utah Select County Marriages, 1887-1937, FHL film #429120, www.ancestry.com
- ³¹⁶ *Ibid.* Ellen is incorrectly linked to Melvin **Daniel** Ryser (1903-1992), #KWNR-C7J, www.familysearch.org This documentation clearly states the groom's middle name is **Donald**, not **Daniel**.
- ³¹⁷ Melvin Daniel/Donald Ryser (1903-1992), #KWNR-NBX, or #KWNR-C7J www.familysearch.org
- ³¹⁸ Ronald M. Ryser (1927-), #LKQW-3WK, www.familysearch.org
- ³¹⁹ Eleanor Jean Ryser (1928-2005), #KWCY-P4G, www.familysearch.org
- ³²⁰ Virginia Ryser (1933-), #LKQW-34L, www.familysearch.org
- ³²¹ John Ryser (1936-), #LKQW-3H5, www.familysearch.org
- ³²² Melvin Ryser household, 1940 U.S. census, Salt Lake, Salt Lake, Utah; Roll: T627_4226; Page: 7A; Enumeration District: 30-128A, www.ancestry.com
- ³²³ Utah Cemetery Inventory, Sexton Records, Utah State Historical Society, www.ancestry.com
- ³²⁴ *R.L. Polk & Co.'s Salt Lake City Directory* (Salt Lake City: R.L. Polk, 1922-23), FHL film #1612165, page 1092.
- ³²⁵ "Long Years of Drudgery Bring Divorce to Wife," *Salt Lake Telegram*, 24 April, 1923.
- ³²⁶ Hagen-Anderson marriage Salt Lake County Clerk, marriage records, 1887-1987, Salt Lake City, Utah; 13 June, 1927, license #A052159; FHL microfiche 6052848.
- ³²⁷ Hilda Katherine (Anderson) Hagen death certificate #629 (1946), Utah Department of Commerce, Salt Lake City, www.ancestry.com
- ³²⁸ Salt Lake City Cemetery internment records, #1299177, page 431; internment #73066. Plat M-Block 16-Lot 20-Tier West-Grave 2.
- ³²⁹ Olaf Hagen death certificate # 55180334 (1955), Utah Public Health Service, Salt Lake City.
- ³³⁰ Salt Lake City Cemetery records, plat M, block 16, lot 20, tier west, grave 1R; FHL film #1299143.
- ³³¹ Alma Aurora (Bowman) Hagen, death certificate, #58180043 (1957), Utah Public Health Service, Salt Lake City.
- ³³² Salt Lake City Cemetery Index, Plat X-Block 1-Lot 11-Tier West, Grave 2, FHL# 1299143. Also, Salt Lake City internment records, FHL film #1299179, page 850, internment #83553.

